

my left side about a fortnight
his consent I tried Rogers's Pul-
ment—I was very weak and low
half the quantity prescribed by
In three days I was much re-
eight days quite cured of the

Moses Parsons, jun.
on, Feb. 1809.

Northampton, Mass. Feb. 1809.
ation, also hereby certify, that
the year 1808, I was seized with
attended by an obstinate and
ugh. The violence of my cough
a pain in my side and breath-
spitting of blood, in short, all
ptoms of a consumption were
ng me. In this situation I was
to Dr. George Rogers, who
immediate relief by adminis-
able Deturgent. I have conti-
it ever since, and for three
though not completely restored
e been able constantly to attend
—and I fully believe that my
on has been solely owing (un-
a valuable medicine.

James Heaton.

to the Public.

ence of taking a severe cold in
was seized with a violent pain
with a distressing cough,
I had the advice and pre-
respectable physician, lasted
s, without any alleviation. I
Dr. George Rogers, who ad-
Vegetable Pulmonic Detur-
gave me immediate relief; and
s entirely freed from the pain
cough.

Charles Chapman.

ton, jun. of Westampton, in
do certify, that in the last
ded with a great debility—
lungs, distressed for breath,
ugh, attended with a fever for
nths: about the fifteenth of
the use of Dr. George Ro-
e Pulmonic Deturgent. I
of it about three months,
er taking this medicine my
ed I could breathe with more
id recommend the medicine
perience, to those who are
ough, and disorders of the
& consumptive complaints,
to be a valuable and useful

ELIJAH NORTON, jun.

Feb. 21, 1809.
GRAY, Bookseller, King-
the proprietor.

law 3m

ABLE LAND

R S A L E,
es from Georgetown and A-
s from Occoquan Mills, and
fries, and within two miles
Little River Turnpike Road,
and Twenty Hundred acres,
s of Bull and Little Rocky
ies of Fairfax and Prince
ality of this land is excel-
er especially, would be a
olument, from the quantity
which there is not less than
s, ready, from the strength
wed in Timothy. This land
ited by the plaister of Pa-
y good site for a mill, the
f the most constant in that
There are about 500 a-
y timbered. The improve-
ng house newly fitted up,
ooms below stairs, with a
convenient closets, three
ve stairs, an excellent cel-
ouse, meat house and sta-
e overseer's house, one in
other necessary houses for

00 acres in addition, for
iam county, on Bull Run,
th Occoquan. This land
miles from the Occoquan
ly one third in woods—it
ny in its immediate neigh-

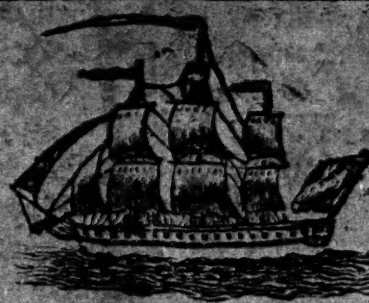
to purchase may be sup-
named tract with a large
le, sheep, hogs, farming
criber willing to emigrate
sponse of the above men-
e most reasonable terms.
ecting the property may
n to the honorable Judge
unt Vernon, H. S. Tur-
fferson county, or in
scriber to Bernard Ho-
at the premises.

T. Blackburn.

Dumfries,

TO HIRE,
disposed BOY, of col-
e.
Apply to the Printer, Dec-

Alexandria DAILY Gazette.



Commercial & Political.

VOL IX.]

THURSDAY, JUNE 15, 1809.

[No. 2515.]

Sales at Vendue.

On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD

At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and
Water streets.

A Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.

Particulars of which will be expressed in
the bills of the day.—All kinds of goods
which are on limitation and the prices of
which are established, can at any time be
viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation
and prices.

P. G. Marsteller, v. M.

COTTON.

30 bales PRIME UPLAND COTTON,
for sale by the subscriber, at a very mode-
rate price and on a liberal credit.

Joseph H. Mandeville.

June 1.

Just Published,

BY COTTON AND STEWART,

And for sale at their Store,

(Price One Dollar)

The Exile of Erin.

A NOVEL.

By Mrs. Plunkett—late Miss Gunning.

January 6.

Cotton and Stewart

Have just published their

ALMANAC for 1809.

Containing a great deal of useful and enter-
taining matter. For sale by the thousand
gross, or single one.

Elastic Three-slit Metallic Pens.

Price One Dollar—

Just received by ROBERT GRAY.

Also,

A general assortment of

Lee's Patent Family Medicines,

AND

Dr. Rogers' Vegetable Pulmonic

Deturgent.

March 17.

Just Received

FOR SALE BY R. GRAY,

A few copies of the works of

FISHER AMES,

Compiled by a number of his friends—to

which are prefixed notices of his life and cha-
racter. Price \$ 3 50 in boards.

May 17.

Joseph Mandeville,

CORNER OF KING AND FAIRFAX STREETS,

Has Received,

100 half boxes Roufett's CI-

GARS, warranted of the very first quality

and full contents.

Real Macouba Snuff,

Rappee do Course and Fine,

20 boxes fresh MUSTARD,

20 Philadelphia CHOCOLATE, 1s

and 2d quality.

—HE HAS ALSO,

A General Assortment as usual,

of good WINES, LIQUORS, and GROCE-

RIES, for sale.

December 31.

ROBERT GRAY,

HAS JUST RECEIVED

The following new Songs

SET TO MUSIC:

The Lay of Love, written by J. L. Lewis,

Price 25 cents.

The Home of my Heart, a Ballad, sung

by Mr. Incledon, and composed by Mr. E.

Helps. Price 25 cents.

Twice Forward, a favorite Cotillion, a-

pted to the new song of No, no, no, it

can't be so. Price 25 cents.

The Days that are gone, a Ballad, with an

accompaniment for the piano forte, com-
posed by Dr. Clarke. Price 37 1-2 cents.

On a beautiful Butterfly, burnt in a ball

am. Price 12 1-2 cents.

June 6.

FRESH FRUIT.

The subscriber has just received and offers for
sale,

Malaga Raisins in kegs,

Muscatel and Bloom Raisins

boxes.

ALSO,

36 bags and 12 barrels Coffee.

James Patton.

April 19.

FOR FREIGHT,

The SHIP

MINERVA,

JOHN GIVEN, jun. Master;

Burthen about 400 hogsheads of tobacco, or
2800 barrels flour, is a substantial fast sail-
ing vessel and in complete order to take a
cargo on board immediately. Apply to

Lawraon and Fowle.

June 8.

For BOSTON,

The Schooner

ELIZABETH,

JEREMIAH NEWCOMB, Master;

To sail next week. For freight or passage,

having good accommodations, apply to

John G. Ladd.

Who has for sale, now landing from said ves-
sel,

75 tons Plaister of Paris.

May 29.

MOLASSES.

20 hogsheads RETAILING MOLAS-

SES, for sale by

Joseph Mandeville,

Corner of King and Fairfax streets.

June 10.

JAMES BACON

Begs leave to inform his former customers

and friends, that he has

Recommended the Grocery Business,

At his Store on King near Washington-

street.

WHERE HE OFFERS FOR SALE,

A well chosen assortment of

goods, in that line,

Warranted genuine, particularly his

TEAS, WINES & LIQUORS,

Which are of a superior quality.—He will dis-
pose of each and every article on the most

moderate terms.

May 2.

dtf.

Doctor I. J. Comyn,

A professional DENTIST—of Baltimore,

RESPECTFULLY acquaints the LADIES

and GENTLEMEN of Alexandria, that

he intends to practice in this place for a few

days, in all the various branches of his pro-
fession. No genteel person of either sex,

can give or receive pleasure or comfort, by

teeth coated with tart or decayed gums, or

foetid breath. His method of cleaning the

teeth will be found both easy and efficacious,

as hundreds can attest in Baltimore and else-
where. Without giving pain, or hurting the

enamel, he removes the tartar, &c. when the

teeth will assume a beautiful appearance the

gums adhering to the teeth; but if the state

of the gums require it, doctor C. will give

to the person an antiscorbutic lotion of che-
mical preparation, which gained the applause

of hundreds both in Europe and America.—

It is pleasant, innocent, and effectual, in

smoothing and whitening the teeth and cur-
ing the gums, rendering them red and firm,

preventing the decay of the teeth and sweet-
ening the breath. Doct. C. fits artificial teeth

from one to an entire set, with such nicety,

to answer the useful purposes of nature, and

of so natural an appearance that it is impos-
sible to distinguish them from real ones. Dr.

C. flatters himself from his being regularly

bred to the practice of physick, as well as to

the Dentist Business, and his long experience

on the continent of Europe (France and Spain)

to give to all those who favour him with their

commands, every possible satisfaction.

May 13.

M. B. Doctor C. will wait on any lady or

gentleman at their respective houses, or may

be consulted at the City Tavern.

Black River Lottery,

NO. 2.

Prizes in the wheel at the close of the 31st

day's drawing.

1 prize of — — — \$20,000.

2 do. of — — — 10,000

1 do. of — — — 2,000

1 do. of — — — 1,000

6 do. of — — — 500

18 do. of — — — 200

47 do. of — — — 100

59 do. of — — — 50

153 do. of — — — 20

550 do. of — — — 10

Total gain of the wheel 5010 dollars.

First drawn number this day is entitled to

ten thousand dollars.

Present price of tickets 12 dollars.

For sale by

ROBERT GRAY.

June 12.

Notice is hereby given,

To the Stockholders of the Washington Bridge

Company,

That the fifth instalment of Ten Dollars,
on each share, is called for, which must be
paid on or before the 15th June next agreeably
to the act of Congress, entitled "An act au-
thorising the erection of a bridge over the ri-
ver Potomac, within the district of Colum-
bia."

By order of the Directors,

Daniel Carroll. of Dud'n.

PRESIDENT.

May 27.

dt15J

A GREAT BARGAIN.

THE subscriber wishing to remove to the

western country, will sell the FARM on

which he resides in Fairfax county, 11 miles

from Alexandria, 9 from George Town fer-
ry, and about the same from the Potomac

bridge crossing to the city of Washington—

in a healthy, agreeable neighborhood, con-
taining about 470 acres, on which is a conve-
nient dwelling house, large enough for a gen-
teel family, together with all the outhouses

suitable, all new or nearly so; an orchard of

apple trees of selected fruit, together with

different other fruit trees, a proportion of im-
proved meadow for the scythe, and a large

portion more may easily be made. Any per-
son inclined to purchase may know the terms

by application to Mr. JOHN DULIN, adjoining

the said farm, or the subscriber on the pre-
mises.

E. Dulin.

June 9.

dtf

NOTICE.

IN pursuance of the decree of the hon. the

circuit court of the district of Columbia

for the county of Alexandria, the subscribers

will proceed to sell at public sale on the pre-
mises on Saturday the first day of July next,

for ready money, that three story BRICK

HOUSE situate on the south side of Prince-

street, between Fairfax & Water streets, for-
merly occupied by Adam S. Swoope, deceased.

Thomas Swann,

Edmund I. Lee,

COMMISSIONERS.

May 29.

dt5

John Gardner Ladd,

Has for sale, at his Warehouse, Princestreet

Wharf—

Muscovado and Loaf Sugars in hogsheads

and barrels.

Molasses, West-India, and New-Englan

Rum in do.

Holland's Gin and French Brandy in pipes.

Port, Sherry, and Malaga Wines.

Coffee, Rice, and Cotton Wool.

Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson-

shulan, and Hyson-skin Teas, in whole, half,

and quarter chests.

1 case black Persians.

2 barrels Caroline Indigo.

20 crates Liverpool cream-colored & blue-

edged Ware assorted.

Best Black Pepper in Bags.

Spermaceti Mould, and Mould and Dipt

Tallow Candles in boxes.

Brown Soap in boxes—Cod-fish in do.

Beef, Pork, Salmon, Shad and Herrings

in barrels.

Tanners Oil, Spanish Hides, a quantity of

Soal Leather, Mens', Womens' and Childrens';

Shoes of various descriptions, a few packages

of White Rolls and German Checks, Russia

Sheetings and Diapers, Russia and Ravens

Duck, India Cotton of different kinds, Nan-

keens, 150 pieces coarse Irish Linens, Writ-

ing and wrapping Paper, 500 bushels coarse

Salt, Cordage, Flax, Glue, a quantity of Vi-

negar. 200 tons Plaister Paris, and 20 tons

Russian Hemp, &c. &c.

January

PUBLIC SALE.

UNDER the authority of a deed of trust

from Lewis Summers, for the security

of Robert Moss, the subscriber will offer at

public sale, on Tuesday, the 30th day of May

Alexandria Daily Gazette,
COMMERCIAL AND POLITICAL.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
Royal-street, Alexandria.

Daily Gazette, 6 Dollars per annum.
Country Gazette, 5 Dollars.

FOREIGN.

(VIA NEW-YORK.)

DESTRUCTION OF THE FRENCH FLEET.

From the London Gazette Extraordinary.
Admiralty Office, April 21, 1809.

Sir Harry Neale, bart. first captain to admiral lord Gambier, commander in chief of his majesty's ships and vessels employed in the Channel Soundings, &c. arrived here this morning with a dispatch from his lordship to the hon. Wm. Wellesley Pole, of which the following is a copy:

Caledonia, at anchor in Basque Roads,
April 14, 1809.

Sir, The Almighty's favor to his majesty and the nation has been strongly marked in the success he has been pleased to give to the operations of his majesty's fleet under my command; and I have the satisfaction to acquaint you, for the information of the lords commissioners of the admiralty, that the four ships of the enemy, named in the margin,* have been destroyed at their anchorage; and several others, from getting on shore, if not rendered altogether unserviceable, are at least disabled for a considerable time.

The arrangement of the fire vessels, placed under the direction of captain the right hon. lord Cochrane, were made as fully as the state of the weather would permit, according to his lordship's plan on the evening of the 11th inst. and at 8 o'clock on the same night they proceeded to the attack, under a favorable strong wind from the northward, and a flood tide (preceded by some vessels filled with powder and shells, as proposed by his lordship, with a view to explosion) led on in the most undaunted and determined manner by captain Woodbridge, in the Mediator fire-ship, the others following in succession; but owing to the darkness of the night, several mistook their course, and failed.

On their approach to the enemy's ships, it was discovered in front of their defence. This, however, the weight of the Mediator soon broke, and the usual intrepidity and bravery of British seamen overcame all difficulties. Advancing under a heavy fire from the forts of the Isle d'Aix, as well as from the enemy's ships, most of which cut or slipped their cables, and from the confined anchorage, got on shore, and thus avoided taking fire.

At day light the following morning, lord Cochrane communicated to me by telegraph, that seven of the enemy's ships were on shore, and might be destroyed. I immediately made the signal for the fleet to unmoor and weigh, intending to proceed with it to effect their destruction. The wind, however, being fresh from the northward, and the flood tide running, rendered it too hazardous to run into Aix Roads (from its shallow water) I therefore anchored again at the distance of about three miles from the forts on the island.

As the tide suited the enemy evinced great activity in endeavoring to warp their ships (which had grounded) into deep water, and succeed in getting all but five of the line towards the entrance of the Charente before it became practicable to attack them.

I gave orders to Captain Bligh, of the Valiant, to proceed with that ship the Revenge, frigates, bombs and small vessels, named in the margin* to anchor near the Boyart Shoal, in readiness for the attack. At 20 minutes past 2, P. M. Lord Cochrane advanced in the Imperieuse with his accustomed gallantry and spirit, and opened a well directed fire upon the Calcutta, which struck her colors to the Imperieuse; and the ships and vessels above mentioned soon after joined in the attack upon the Ville de Varsovie and Aquion, and obliged them, before 5 o'clock, after sustaining a heavy cannonade, to strike their colors, when they were taken possession of by the boats of the advanced squadron. As soon as the prisoners were removed they were set on fire, as was also the Temere, a short time after, by the enemy.

* Ville de Varsovie, of 80 guns; Tonnerre, of 74 guns; and Calcutta, of 56 guns.
† Indefatigable, Aigle, Emerald, Pallas, Beagle, Etas bomb, Insolent gun brig, Con- flict, Encounter, Ferret, and Growser.

Afterwards detached rear-admiral the hon. Robert Stopford, in the Cesar, with the Theseus, three additional fire ships, which were hastily prepared in the course of the day, and all the boats of the fleet, with Mr. Congreve's rockets, to conduct the further operations of the night against any of the ships which lay exposed to an attack. On the morning of the 13th, the rear-admiral reported to me, that as the Cesar and other line of battle ships had grounded and were in a dangerous situation, he thought it advisable to order them all out, particularly as the remaining part of the service could be performed by frigates and small vessels only; and I was happy to find that they were extricated from their perilous situation.

Captain Bligh has since informed me that it was impracticable to destroy the three-decked ship, and the others which were lying near the Charante, as the former, being the outer one, was protected by three lines of boats placed in advance from her.

This ship and all the others, except four of the line and a frigate, have now moved up the river Charante. If any further attempt to destroy them is practicable, I shall not fail to use every means in my power to accomplish it.

I have great satisfaction in stating to their lordships how much I feel obliged to the zealous co-operations of rear-admiral Stopford, under whose arrangement the boats of the fleet were placed; and I must also express to their lordships the high sense I have of the assistance I received from the abilities and unremitting attention of Sir Harry Neale, Bart. the captain of the fleet, as well as of the animated exertions of the captains, officers, seamen, and marines under my command, and their forwardness to volunteer upon any service that might be allotted to them; particularly the zeal and activity shewn by the captains of line of battle ships in preparing the fire vessels.

I cannot speak in sufficient terms of admiration and applause of the vigorous and gallant attack made by lord Cochrane upon the French line of battle ships which were on shore, as well for his judicious manner of approaching them, and placing his ship in the position most advantageous to annoy the enemy and preserve his own ship, which could not be exceeded by any feat of valor hitherto achieved by the British navy.

It is due to rear-admiral Stopford and sir Harry Neale, that I should here take the opportunity of acquainting their lordships of the handsome and earnest manner in which both these meritorious officers had volunteered before their arrival of lord Cochrane, to undertake an attack upon the enemy with fire ships; and that had not their lordships fixed upon him to conduct their enterprise, I have a full confidence that the results of their efforts would have been highly creditable to them.

I should feel that I did not do justice to the service of captain Godfrey of the Etna, in bombarding the enemy's ships on the 13th if I did not recommend him to their lordships' notice; and I cannot omit bearing due testimony to the anxious desire expressed by Mr. Congreve to be employed wherever I might conceive his services in the management of his rockets would be useful; some of them were placed in the fire ship with effect; and I have every reason to be satisfied with the artillerymen and others, who had the management of them under Mr. Congreve's direction.

I send herewith a return of the killed and wounded of the fleet, which I am happy to observe, is comparatively small. I have not yet received the returns of the number of prisoners taken, but I conceive they amount to between four and five hundred.

I have charged sir Harry Neale with the this dispatch (by the Imperieuse) and I beg leave to refer their lordships to him, as also to lord Cochrane, for any further particulars of which they may wish to be informed.

I have the honor to be, &c.

(Signed)

GAMBIER.

15th of April.

P. S. This morning three of the enemy's line of battle ships are observed to be still on shore under Fouras, and one of them is in a dangerous situation. One of the frigates (l'Indienne) also on shore, has fallen over, and they are now dismantling her. As the tides will take off in a day or two, there is every probability that she will be destroyed.

Since writing the foregoing, I have learnt that the hon. Lt. col. Cochrane (lord Cochrane's brother) and Lt. Bisset of the navy, were volunteers in the Imperieuse, and rendered themselves extremely useful; the former by commanding some of her guns on the main deck, and the latter in conducting one of the explosion vessels.

Names of the ships in Aix Roads, previous to the attack on the 11th of April, 1809.
L'Océan, 120 guns, vice admiral Allemande captain Roland. Repaired in 1806; on shore under Fouras.

Foudroyant, 80 guns, rear admiral Gaurdon capt. Henri. Five years old. On shore under Cassard, 74 guns, capt. Faure, Commodore 3 years old. On shore under Fouras.

Touville, 75 guns, capt. La Caille. Old, on shore in the river.

Regulus, 74 guns, capt. Lucas, 5 years old; on shore under Madame.

Patriot, 74 guns, capt. Mahee. Repaired in 1803.

Jemappe, 74 guns, capt. Fouran. On shore under Madame.

Tonnerre, 74 guns, captain Clément de la Roucière.

Nine months old, never at sea.

Aquilon, 74 guns, captain Maingon, old.

Ville de Fariovie, 80 guns, captain —.

Calcutta, 50 guns, captain La Tonie. Load ed with flour and military stores.

FRIGATES.

Indienne, captain Proteau—On shore near the Isle d'Éner, on her beam ends.

Elbe, captain Perengier.

Pallas, captain Le Bigot.

Hortense, captain Allgand.

N. B. One of the three last frigates on shore under Isle Madame.

CONGRESS.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, May 29.

DEBATE

On Mr. Randolph's motion for approving the late conduct of the president of the U. States.

[CONTINUED.]

MR. RANDOLPH having this morning called for a consideration of his motion, at a time when the speaker conceived it to be out of order, Mr. R. appealed from the decision of the chair, which was confirmed by the house. Mr. R. then renewed his motion for consideration, which being then declared to be in order, was agreed to.—The question being on indefinite postponement.

MR. RANDOLPH said it was no part of his intention now to enter into any thing like a consideration of the great points supposed to be in dispute between those who approved the conduct of the President of the United States in issuing his proclamation, and giving the construction which he had given to the non-intercourse act. And indeed, if on the last vote which had been taken, (for considering his motion) he could with any sense of decorum or propriety have voted against himself, if he could have voted in the negative on his own motion, he should have taken a pleasure in so doing. For he, as much as any member of this house, wished to hear the communications lying on the table, but he was also anxious to see a question of right with respect to himself decided; and to his perfect satisfaction, the house had supported the decision of the chair, and yet the course which the business would take was precisely the same as if the house had admitted his motion in the first instance to be in order, except that three quarters of an hour or more had been occupied in discussing the point of order. I wish (said Mr. R.) to make some answer to the objections of a very venerable gentleman from Pennsylvania, (Mr. Findley) on the motion which is now proposed to postpone. If the principal objection of that gentleman was, that it was improper at any time to discuss or entertain such propositions; that motions in approbation or disapprobation of the conduct of the executive of the United States ought not to be agitated here; that they were wrong in principle; and that how much soever he might be disposed to applaud the conduct of the President in this or in that particular, he would not countenance a motion approving that conduct. What weight it will have with the other members of this house, (said Mr. R.) I know not, but there is a precedent on file which ought not to be destitute of weight with that gentleman, from the first session of the third Congress, which met at Philadelphia in November, 1793, soon after the late general Washington had issued his celebrated proclamation of neutrality; and I beg the house to carry along with them in their minds the similitude of the two occasions and the dissimilitude too, and to keep in recollection that wherever there is a difference between the two cases, the advantage is on the side of the motion which I have had the honor to lay before you. For example, in the year 1793, previous to the first session of the third Congress, the late general Washington, conceiving himself to be required by his duty as the President of the

United States to issue a certain proclamation; and recollect that the present proclamation is relative to a proclamation, and hinges entirely on it; which proclamation general Washington was not required to issue by any law of the land, I find that at that time the gentleman from Pennsylvania and another gentleman from Pennsylvania, an ancient colleague of his, (Mr. Smiley) and several other members of the house of representatives; and it appears on the journal that on that very day the committee of elections did report that the credentials of the gentlemen entitled them to their seats. I am consequently to suppose their presence, except I were to suppose (what I have no right or disposition to do) that there was dereliction of duty on their part, and that they were absent from their seats. The yeas and nays indeed were not taken; but on Friday the 26th, the house resolved unanimously to address the President of the U. States in the words following—I do not mean to fatigue the house or myself with reading the whole of it, but will read extracts.

"The United States having taken no part in the war which had embraced in Europe the powers with whom they have the most extensive relations, the maintenance of peace was justly to be regarded as one of the most important duties of the magistrate charged with the faithful execution of the laws. We accordingly witnessed with approbation and pleasure, the vigilance with which you have guarded against an interruption of that blessing, by your proclamation, admonishing our citizens of the consequences of illicit or hostile acts towards the belligerent parties; and promoting by a declaration of the existing legal state of things, an easier admission of our right to the immunities belonging to our situation."

Now here, sir, is a vote of approbation proposed on the subject of a proclamation which the president of the United States was called upon by no law of the land to issue, and on the execution of which duty in a manner comporting with their sense of that duty, depended the approbation or disapprobation of this house—and surely, sir, if it was competent for the house of representatives in the year 1793, to the gentleman from Pennsylvania, and other gentlemen, now members of this house, to approve the conduct of president Washington in issuing that proclamation, which he was not required to do by any specific statute, it is surely at least as proper now to approve the conduct of president Madison in a case in which it was his special duty to do it.—Where there is a variance between the two cases, it is in favor of the motion which I have the honor to submit. But perhaps I shall be told by some of those youthful spirits who have lately made their appearance in this house, that this is a precedent taken from federal times, and therefore ought not to be relied on by good democrats. But, sir, it unfortunately happens for those gentlemen who would thus evade the force of it, that in the very zenith of democracy, a precedent perfectly analogous or even stronger than the one now contended for, was entered upon our journal. At the second session of the 7th Congress (the first which convened after the election of Mr. Jefferson to the chief magistracy) the house of representatives were moved to come to the following resolution, in relation to the obstruction of the navigation of the river Mississippi and of the right of deposit at New Orleans by the Spanish government of Louisiana.

"Resolved, That this house receive with great sensibility the information of a disposition in certain officers of the Spanish government at New Orleans, to obstruct the navigation of the river Mississippi as secured to the United States by the solemn stipulation:

"That adhering to that humane and wise policy which ought ever to characterize a free people, and by which the U. S. have always professed to be governed; willing at the same time to ascribe this breach of compact to the unauthorised misconduct of certain individuals, rather than to a want of good faith on the part of his catholic majesty; and relying with perfect confidence on the vigilance and wisdom of the Executive they will wait the issue of such measures as that department of the government shall have pursued for asserting the rights and vindicating the injuries of the U. States: and will it to be their duty at the same time to express their unalterable determination to maintain the boundaries and the rights of navigation and commerce through the river Mississippi as established by existing treaties."

On that occasion it did unfortunately happen that there were gentlemen in this house who had no disposition to express any confidence in the President of the U. States as I am afraid and do verily believe there are now gentlemen who have no disposition

express approbation of the late conduct of the United States—ed to strike out in Italy in the neg Mr. Randolph h no had voted id, he was not man from Co thers who did r ye late president expressing it, the gentleman w according to the did Mr. Randolph, and ha repugnance at e could not see any expressing it, (benefit of the lig the venerable an Pennsylvania) v much upon the ver existed a ca dertook to appr cutive of the U. juncture, partic the evidence wh clusive; and th of this motion a have been cited binding; I do n it wrong I shou ference to form become all of a far point sovery the President of half the penetr does possess, m feel that there ex probatation of his no disposition to For, sir, we sh to seek for prec point of practice and in point of

We have got a sort of phobia hear a great d which nothing i worthy gentlem would not put a member—but th Pennsylvania, ground to be th right if there ex to enter into a s lead to no law, sion, when a n that the thanks speaker for the and so forth of tended to origi grow out of it, tuation to the the chair. Wou sylvania then h motion was in ought to be inde not much misin indefinitely to which was negi that we have an menting ourselv self-flattery to a speaker of this He is the creatu him. When the they complimen lecting a perso charge of his speaker say wh That he will dis face agreeably for which I pres thanks. Now the United Stat of his office, if of the house, and therefore I bation—why journals as an e though, let me some twenty or little bickerings gotten, that vot —it will weigh the character o whom it is pass the journals, an of Gen. Washi we think of the time? We sca consider bow tions. It is o too. What will the transacti He will find th harmony and in and a foreign n threshold, is this a vote upon you will inevitably d tho' there did n to condemn the

certain proclama-
he present procla-
proclamation, and
ich proclamation
not required to
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motion which I
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At the second
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house of repre-
ome to the fol-
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nment of Lou-
se receive wit-
ation of a dispo-
the Spanish go-
to obstruct the
ssissippi as so-
by the solemn

express approbation (because they feel none)
of the late conduct of the President of the
United States—these gentlemen then moved
to strike out these words—(the words
in *italic* in the above resolution)—which
passed in the negative, yeas 30, nays 53.—
Mr. Randolph here read the names of those
who had voted for or against. Now he
said, he was not all surprised that the gen-
tlemen from Connecticut (Mr. Dana) and
others who did not feel that confidence in
the late president, therefore voted against
expressing it; and now also, he presumed,
the gentleman would vote, as others would,
according to the sentiment he felt. But,
said Mr. Randolph, *we*, who did feel con-
fidence, and had none of that punctilious
repugnance at expressing what we felt, and
could not see any thing in principle against
expressing it, (not having at that time the
benefit of the light shed on this subject by
the venerable and revered gentleman from
Pennsylvania) voted in the negative. So
much upon the question, whether there ever
existed a case in which this house un-
dertook to approve the conduct of the ex-
ecutive of the U. S. in a delicate and critical
junction, particularly of our foreign affairs;
the evidence which I have produced is con-
clusive; and the fact is, that if we get rid
of this motion after the precedents which
have been cited, I do not say that they are
binding; I do not feel them so; if I tho't
it wrong I should vote against it without re-
ference to former precedents—but if we do
become all of a sudden and in this particu-
lar point so very squeamish—the fact is, that
the President of the U. S. if endowed with
half the penetration which I presume he
does possess, must take the hint: he must
feel that there exists in this body a disap-
probation of his conduct, although there be
no disposition to express that disapprobation.
For, sir, we should not have to go far back
to seek for precedent to find a case where in
point of practice a decision is condemned,
and in point of vote upheld.

We have gotten all of a sudden, sir, into
a sort of phobia or abstract proposition; we
hear a great deal of passing votes out of
which nothing is to grow. I would ask the
worthy gentleman from Pennsylvania—I
would not put that question to any other
member but the worthy gentleman from
Pennsylvania, because I understand his
ground to be that there does not exist the
right if there exists the power in this house
to enter into a series of propositions which
lead to no law. Now, sir, at the last ses-
sion, when a member got up and moved
that the thanks of the house be given to the
speaker for the faithful and able discharge
and so forth of his duties—that was not in-
tended to originate a bill; nothing was to
grow out of it, except a very unpleasant sit-
uation to the house and the gentleman in
the chair. Would the gentleman from Penn-
sylvania then have contended that such a
motion was inadmissible, and therefore
ought to be indefinitely postponed? If I am
not much misinformed, there was a motion
indefinitely to postpone that proposition,
which was negatived. Then it seems, sir,
that we have an unlimited power of compli-
menting ourselves, that we may be guilty of
self-flattery to any extent—for what is the
speaker of this house, in fact, but ourself?
He is the creature of the house; they make
him. When they compliment the speaker,
they compliment their own sagacity in se-
lecting a person so competent to the dis-
charge of his duty. For what does the
speaker say when conducted to the chair?
That he will discharge the duties of his of-
fice agreeably to the wishes of the house;
for which I presume he receives the vote of
thanks. Now in this case the president of
the United States has discharged the duties
of his office, if not agreeably to the wishes
of the house, certainly agreeably to mine;
and therefore I would express my approbation—why? That it may stand on the
journals as an expression of my opinion; al-
though, let me tell you, Mr. Speaker, that
some twenty or thirty years hence, when the
little bickerings of this day are past and for-
gotten, that vote will be of value. It will tell
it will weigh heavily in the estimation of
the character of the person in respect to
whom it is passed; for when we go back to
the journals, and look at the administration
of Gen. Washington twenty years ago, do
we think of the little party disputes of that
time? We scarcely give ourselves trouble
to consider how men were moved to their
actions. It is of consequence to posterity
too. What will the historian do in relation
to the transactions of this administration?—
He will find that the first act was to restore
harmony and intercourse between the U. S.
and a foreign nation. Is he to be met at the
threshold, is this conduct to be qualified by
a vote upon your journals from which he
will inevitably draw this inference—that al-
though there did not exist a disposition openly
to condemn the ministry, there existed a

majority of a different way of thinking, and
who therefore got rid of this question as dex-
tiously as they could? No, sir; this vote (I
hope I shall be pardoned for saying so) dif-
fers to its advantage from the vote for re-
turning thanks to the Speaker of this house
at the end of the last session of Congress. It
is a vote out of which some practical good
is to grow—a vote by which the president
of the U. S. is to be strengthened in the course
which he is now persisting, and encouraged
and invigorated in pursuing in that course
hereafter. It is not a mere motion in course,
like a motion for a vote of thanks to the
Speaker of the house of representatives, which
is at last considered as a matter of form, and
has ceased to be a source of any thing but
unpleasant sensation to the house; for I be-
lieve that from the time of the first speaker,
a member from Pennsylvania (Mr. Mulen-
burg) who was succeeded by a member from
Connecticut, (Mr. Trumbull) and after-
wards by a gentleman from New-Jersey,
(Mr. Dayton)—subsequently by a colleague
of yours, Mr. Speaker, (Mr. Sedgwick) and
finally until the last Congress, by my wor-
thy friend from North Carolina, in every
case this motion of thanks to the speaker
which, if my motion be abstract, is equally
abstract, has been made and carried—al-
though I believe that the first time the motion
was made after I obtained a seat in Congress,
it was merely accidental that it carried at all;
although no practical result upon gentle-
men's own principles could ensue, and it
ought therefore (as they say) to have been
quashed. I on the contrary contend that
practical good can ensue from my motion,
and I think my friend from North Carolina,
whom I do not see in his place, and I am
glad that he is not in his place) must have
felt his toils in the chair and even a broken
constitution to have been amply compensat-
ed by three distinct and unanimous votes of
three several houses of Congress, returning
thanks to him for his able and impartial con-
duct in the chair.

NEW-BRUNSWICK, (N. J.) June 8.
The following was handed us by a gen-
tleman who was present at the shearing of
some of captain Farmer's Sheep, at Bell-
view, in the neighborhood of this city.
Four full bred Rams of the Leicester and
Teeswater breed, weighed on the hoof
1st, 200 lbs.
2d, 183
3d, 180
4th, 176
Four wethers half and three quarter
blooded weighed
1st, 201 lbs.
2d, 200
3d, 199
4th, 190
13 1-2 lbs. fine wool, unwashed, was
shorn from one of these sheep.

Alexandria Daily Gazette.
THURSDAY, JUNE 15.
The following are the weights of some of
my Sheep, which, if the Editor of the En-
quirer thinks proper, he may give a place in
his paper:
No. 1 a tup 16 mo. old. Car. 152 fleece 13
Lb. Lb.
2 ewe do. do. do. 92 do. 7 1-4
3 do do. do. do. 169 do. 6 3-4
4 do do. do. do. 93 do. 6 1-2
5 do do. do. do. 94 do. 5 3-4
6 do do. do. do. 68 do. 5 1-2
7 old ewe do. do. 147 do. 3 1-4
8 do do. do. do. 120 do. 3 1-2
9 do do. do. do. 119 do. 5
EDW'd G. HILL.
Spottsylvania, June 3, 1809.

* The length of the Tup's Fleece Thir-
teen and One-Fourth inches.

CONGRESS.
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.
WEDNESDAY, June 14.
[Taken for the Alexandria Gazette.]

[Yesterday, on motion of Mr. McKim,
the house went into committee of the whole
on the report from the committee appointed
on the petition of the Carthage prisoners.
The report concludes with a resolution, re-
questing the president of the U. States to
adopt the most immediate and efficacious
method of release to the prisoners in con-
finement, if it should appear to him that
they were involuntarily drawn into the un-
lawful enterprise charged on them, and that
dollars be appropriated for that pur-
pose. After some debate thereon the com-
mittee rose and reported their agreement to
the resolution, and the house adjourned.]
On motion of Mr. Dana,

Resolved, That a committee be appointed
to enquire into the propriety of adopting a
any legislative provisions respecting the ex-
tent of the maritime jurisdiction of the U.
States, as a safeguard to navigation within
the same, and for the benefit of the mari-
time commerce of the U. S. to instruct the
President, after causing reasonable notice to
be given, to prohibit foreign armed vessels
seizing any merchant vessel bound to or
from any port of the United States, within
sight of land, or within any cape or head
land of the United States. Carried and a
committee of five appointed.
The house took up the unfinished busi-
ness of yesterday, (the report of the com-
mittee of the whole in favor of the Cartha-
gena prisoners.)

From the Boston Gazette.
MASSACHUSETTS CHARITABLE FIRE
SOCIETY.
This Society, which is as honorable to the
place in which it was instituted as advan-
tageous to the community at large, celebrated
its 15th anniversary at the Stone Chapel, last
Friday in the afternoon. The performances
consisted of an Original Ode by R. T. Paine,
esq. sung by Mr. Graupner and other musi-
cal compositions. Lessons by the Rev. Mr.
Holley, and an Oration on the principles of
the institution by Alexander Townsend, esq.
The anniversary of the institution has
been peculiarly distinguished for the excel-
lencies of the poetical compositions, which
the occasion has produced; and certainly no
poet can present a brow more thickly in-
crowned with laurels, than Mr. Paine. The
Oration of Mr. Townsend, although he evi-
dently labored under the disadvantage of a
severe cold, which essentially injured his ut-
terance, fully satisfied the expectations of a
numerous and fashionable audience, by the
terseness and precision of his style, and the
original manner in which he treated a sub-
ject, upon which orators of great station and
celebrity have so ably and so frequently de-
canted before.

ORIGINAL ODE.
Written for the 15th anniversary of the
MASSACHUSETTS CHARITABLE FIRE SO-
CIETY.
By R. T. Paine, jun. Esq.

GRAND RECITATIVE.
Bleak lower'd the morn;—the howling snow
drift blew,
Rude piles of devastation smok'd around;
While HOUSELESS OUTCASTS shivering o'er
the ground
Bade the sad phantoms of their Homes, a-
dieu.

AIR.
Ah, mouldering wrecks—ye flit in fearful
trance,
And the vision of phrenzy recal,
When in horror we leap'd, with a fugitive
glance,
From the flames of yondeSSOLATEWALL,
See, now, with blighting melancholy bare,
Like a monument stone at a sepulchre
plac'd,
It weeps o'er this ruinous waste,
As it totters and rocks in the air.
In vain, sweet Pity calls;
Or the cry of shrill terror appeals;—
BENDING, BEETLING, crushing o'er the croud
ed way,
Hark, it cracks, see it fall—
And wretches forget all their griefs in dis-
may.

RECITATIVE.
But lo, along its crumbling base,
With vacancy's ecstatic pace,
ALL-RECKLESS, a heart-broken mourner re-
pair;
Grief has reason beguil'd,
And with melodies wild,
Invoking her child,
She wanders like Hope, and bewails like
Despair.

AIR—Andante.
My Boy beneath this ruin lies—
Lost William! hear a Mother's sighs!
Thro' blasts that freeze, and paths that burn,
Thy tomblest dust she comes to urn—
Now, I thy cherub spirit see:
It spreads its doubting arms to me:—
It smiles in air—while piteous grace
Softens the arrows of its face.
Vain was thy Mother's frantic flight,
To snatch thee from the FRIEND OF NIGHT:
Thy Couch—alas, thy funeral pyre,
Mid shrieks of horror sunk in fire.

ALLEGRO FURIOSE.
Now to clouds of purple light
Where WILLIAM sits, I'll steal my flight.
Cold is this crazy crust of clay,
He beckons to a warmer day.
Wealth! I'm a happier wretch than you,
And laughing bid the world, adieu!

Port of Alexandria.
ARRIVED,
Sch'r Melinda, Sadder, Boston—Sun-
dries—to the master.
Sch'r Dolly, Sanders, Edenton—shingles
—to the master.
Brig Callesito, Stenson, George Town—
to load for Boston.

CLEARED,
Sloop George, Williamson, Norfolk—
by the master.
Sloop Little Sarah, Eldridge, Providence
—by the master.
Sch'r Sally, Potter, Providence—by the
master.
Brig Economy, Smith, do. do.
Schr. Providence, Jones, Martinique—by
James Lawrason.

ASSIZE OF BREAD
Made of Superfine Burr-Flour.
CENTS.
The 8 pound loaf to be sold for 36
4 pound loaf 18
2 pound loaf 9
1 pound loaf 4-1-2
JAMES HARRISS,
Clerk of the Market
June 15.

PUBLIC SALE.
ON TUESDAY NEXT,
Will be sold, at the Vendue Store, on a credit
of 60 days,
9 quarter casks of Carcavilla WINE.
14 Lisbon STRAW CARPETS, plain and
figured, of different sizes.
P. G. Marsteller.
June 15. dts

COFFEE.
14,000 lbs. COFFEE, lately received per
brig SALLY ELIZA, from St. Bartholomew,
and for sale by
J. Tucker.

ALSO FOR SALE,
Three building LOTS, situated between
Union street and the river Potomac.
HE WILL ALSO RENT
His WAREHOUSE and WHARF, for
one or more years.
June 15. 3t

Tea Party.
The LADIES and GENTLEMEN of Alexan-
dria are respectfully informed, that on the
15th of the present month, a TEA PARTY
will be provided at the City Hotel, in a style
similar to that on the first of May.
William Caton.

June 10. dt15th
N. B. Those Ladies who have hitherto re-
ceived tickets to attend the assemblies, will
please to consider themselves invited. The
dancing will commence at 5 o'clock.
Fifth for Family Use.
A FEW barrels of Prime FISH, put up
particularly for family use, for sale by
John G. Francis,
Union Street.
June 14. 3t

VALUABLE LAND
FOR SALE,
Distant 23 miles from Georgetown and A-
lexandria, 19 miles from Occoquan Mills, and
twenty from Dumfries, and within two miles
and a half of the Little River Turnpike Road.
It consists of Five and Twenty Hundred acres,
lying on the waters of Bull and Little Rocky
runs, in the counties of Fairfax and Prince
William. The quality of this land is excel-
lent, and, to a grazier especially, would be a
source of great emolument, from the quantity
of low grounds: of which there is not less than
Five hundred acres, ready, from the strength
of the soil, to be sowed in Timothy. This land
is decidedly benefited by the plaster of Pa-
ris. On it is a very good scite for a mill, the
stream being one of the most constant in that
part of the country. There are about 300 a-
cres in wood, heavily timbered. The improve-
ments are, a dwelling house newly fitted up,
consisting of two rooms below stairs, with a
store room and two convenient closets, three
lodging rooms above stairs, an excellent cel-
lar, kitchen, corn house, meat house and sta-
bles. Likewise the overseer's house, one in
each county, with other necessary houses for
negroes, &c.
Between 2 and 300 acres in addition, for
sale, in Prince William county, on Bull Run,
near its conflux with Occoquan. This land
lies about 10 or 11 miles from the Occoquan
mills, and has nearly one third in woods—its
quality is equal to any in its immediate neigh-
borhood.

Persons disposed to purchase may be sup-
plied on the first named tract with a large
stock of horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, farming
utensils. The subscriber willing to emigrate
southwardly will dispose of the above men-
tioned property on the most reasonable terms.
Information respecting the property may
be had by application to the honorable Judge
Washington of Mount Vernon, H. S. Tur-
ner, Esquire, of Jefferson county, or in the
absence of the subscriber to Bernard Hope,
jun. Esq. living near the premises:

T. Blackburn.
Rippon Lodge, near Dumfries,
Va. June 12. 3t

WANTED TO HIRE,
An active well disposed BOY, of color
about 15 years of age.
Apply to the Printer,
April 20.

MILITARY LANDS.

FOR SALE,

Or will be exchanged for Property in Alexandria or its vicinity,

A Warrant for 696 acres of Land, Granted by the state of Virginia for Military services during the revolutionary war. This land lies in the state of Ohio, and is said to be amongst the best in the state. It will be sold a great bargain. Apply to

John Longden.

May 13.

NOTICE.

ELISHA JANNEY having by his indenture duly executed and dated the 29th day of last month, conveyed to the subscriber the whole of his estate real personal & mixed, in trust for the purpose of disposing of the same and applying the proceeds thereof to the payment of his debts—all those indebted to the said Elisha Janney, by bond, bill, note, or book account, are hereby requested to settle the same with Mr. Michael Cleary, who may be found at the said Janney's counting room on his wharf, and is duly authorized for that purpose by

Richard M. Scott, Trustee.

June 9.

USEFUL PROPERTIES

OF YARWOOD'S Patent Washing Machine.

THIS highly useful Machine is found by experience to excel any hitherto in use. It will wash as many cloaths (by the assistance of one person) in an hour as can be washed in a whole day, without the possibility of injuring, fretting or tearing the most delicate article, and with less than half the quantity of soap. It occupies very little more space than the common wash-tub, and with the least care will not create any slop or wet—the construction is very simple and attended with little expense. A further description of its qualities is now deemed unnecessary, as it is presumed none will purchase without examining it.

We the subscribers do hereby certify that we have found, on trial, the above named Machine to answer fully the above description. Given under our hands this 5th day of May, A. D. 1809.

John Sellers,
John Markland,
Elizabeth Lomax,
Susan Sellers,
Samuel Hattersley,
Eleanor Bufel,
Sarah Drown,
Mary Higdon,
John Drown.

I have examined the above Machine, seen it in operation, and believe it to answer the description.

J. Swift.

May 5.

Any person wishing to purchase one or more rights in the above Machine, can be supplied by applying to

Wm. C. Newton.

Prince street, Alexandria.

May 6.

N.B. All persons are cautioned against making or using the above Machine without a certificate from me.

W.C. NEWTON.

Joseph H. Mandeville,

Corner of King and Union streets,

HAS FOR SALE,

2000 bushels coarse and fine Salt, by the bushel and in sacks.

50 barrels Whiskey.

1000 wt. Rhode Island Cheese.

Goshen do. in casks.

5000 wt. best green Coffee, in bags.

1000 do. white do.

French Brandy.

Jamaica, Antigua, Windward Island, and New England Rum.

Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, and Hyson Skin Teas, of the latest importations.

Sugar, best Muscovado, in hogsheads and barrels.

Do. inferior qualities, in do.

Molasses, in hogsheads.

Clover Seed, warranted fresh.

Cotton, in bales and by retail.

Candles, mould and dipped.

Loaf and Lump Sugar.

Spanish Cigars, Hamilton's and Garret's Snuff, in bottles, Writing and Wrapping Paper, Pepper, Allspice, Chewing Tobacco, Madder, Copperas, Seal Leather, Bed Cords, Leading Lines, &c. &c.

ALSO,

Best Superfine Flour, for private families, a few barrels Corn, and some Seed Oats, Plaster of Paris, &c.

April 17.

OBSERVE.

The following MEDICINES are sold by ROBERT GRAY, Bookseller in King street—and by N. HINGSTON, Fairfax street, Alexandria.

LEE'S ELIXIR!

A sovereign remedy for colds, obstinate coughs, catarrhs, asthmas, sore throats, and approaching consumptions. A single trial of this medicine will prove its efficacious quality in restoring a perspiration common to healthy people; it dislodges and expels the tough viscid phlegm or mucus, strengthening the weakened vessels of the lungs, thus striking at the root of the disorder, the symptoms of course are effectually and permanently conquered. The great number of cures performed in 1808 by this elegant and useful preparation, is sufficient to astonish and convince those that labor under colds, coughs, consumptions, &c. of being immediately relieved, without saying any thing of the many thousands benefited in former years; however for the information of those persons, if any there be, that have not heard of the balsamic qualities of Lee's Elixir, we give the names of the following persons who are well known to our citizens in general as persons of known integrity and strict veracity. From the following certificates it will plainly appear, that a three year's consumption, a common cold or cough, are all with ease removed by Lee's Elixir.

Messrs. R. Lee and Son,

The superior qualities of your medicine, called Lee's Elixir, induces me to give you this certificate for publication, to point to my suffering fellow mortals the road to health, the most valuable of all earthly possessions. For upwards of three years I have been afflicted with a severe cough, tightness of the breast, lowness of spirits, and a gradual wasting of the flesh; having tried different medicines recommended for such cases, without receiving any real benefit; fortunately one of your advertisements was given to me—I immediately applied to Mr. Vance, 178, Market street, for some of your Elixir, which has contrary to the expectations of my friends restored me to my former good state of health. Any other information will be given by me.

George Harwood,

Market street, Baltimore

Messrs. R. Lee & Son,

You are at liberty to publish for the good of others, the benefit I have received from your excellent preparation called Lee's Elixir. Being afflicted with violent pains in the breast, loss of appetite, and a debility of the whole system, which rendered me unable to attend to business, being advised to try your Elixir, I procured two bottles of Messieurs Warner and Hanna, which has entirely removed the complaint, and restored me to a perfect state of health. From the good effect of your Elixir I was led to suppose your other medicines were equally efficacious, which induced me to give your Worm Lozenges to my children, and with pleasure I inform you they had the desired effect. Any other information I shall give on application to me at my house in Sly's street, Baltimore.

John Keller.

Messrs. R. Lee & Son,

In December last I was attacked with a most violent cold, a severe cough and pains in the breast, which continued to grow worse, during which time my appetite failed, and my voice altered so much, that it was with the utmost exertion I could pronounce a single sentence louder than my breath. Some of my friends having observed to me, that much good had been done by the use of Lee's Elixir, advised me to procure a bottle from Messrs. Warner and Hanna, which I accordingly did—and to those persons unacquainted with the merits of this medicine, it will appear astonishing that three doses should remove the pains in my breast, and the use of the one bottle restored me to PERFECT HEALTH.

J. A. Smith,

Market street, Fell's Point.

Lee's Worm-destroying Lozenges.

This medicine is superior to any ever offered to the public, being innocent and mild certain and efficacious in its operations.—Should no worms exist in the body, it will without pain or griping, cleanse the stomach and bowels of whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms and many fatal disorders.

Lee's Grand Restorative.

Proved by long extensive experience, to be absolutely unparalleled in the cure of nervous disorders, consumptions, lowness of spirits, loss of appetite, impurity of blood, hysterical affections, inward weaknesses, violent cramps in the stomach and bad indigestions, melancholy, gout in the stomach, pains in the limbs, relaxations, involuntary emissions, obstinate gleets, flour albus [or whites] impotency, barrenness, &c. &c.

Infalible Ague and Fever Drops.

For the cure of agues, remittent and intermittent fevers.

Lee's Genuine Essence & Extract of Mustard.

A safe and effectual remedy for acute and chronic rheumatism, gout, palsy, lumbago, numbness, white swellings, chilblains, sprains, bruises, pains in the face and neck, &c.

Lee's Sovereign Ointment for the Itch.

Which is warranted an infalible remedy at one application, and may be used with the most perfect safety by pregnant women, or on infants a week old, not containing a particle of mercury or any dangerous ingredient whatever, and is not accompanied with that tormenting smart which attends the use of other remedies.

Persian Lotion,

Celebrated for the cure of ringworms, tetters, and all eruptions of the skin, rendering it soft and smooth.

Lee's Genuine Eye Water,

An effectual remedy for all diseases of the eyes.

Tooth Ache Drops,

Which give immediate relief.

Lee's Corn Plaster.

DAMASK LIP SALVE.

Restorative Powder for the Teeth and Gums.

Indian Vegetable Specific,

A certain and never failing cure for venereal complaints.

N.B. Each and every medicine above enumerated, have directions describing their mode of use in the most perfect manner.

April 2.

Joseph Mandeville,

CORNER OF KING AND FAIRFAX STREETS,

ALEXANDRIA:

Has received a considerable addition to his Stock,

AND OFFERS FOR SALE,

20 hogsheads, } 1st and 2d quality
20 barrels } Muscovado Sugars.
7000 lb. Green Coffee
3 1-2 tons British Patent Shot, assort
BB to No. 9.
10 bales Cotton.
10 casks first quality Goshen Cheese.
40 boxes Mould Candles.
15 bags clean heavy Pepper.
50 lb. Nutmegs.
casks London refined Saltpetre.
5 ditto Irish Glue.
Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, and Padre Souchoing Teas in quarter chests, boxes and cannisters—most of which are equal in quality to any ever imported.
Madeira, Port, Marsala, Sherry, Lisbon, Teneriffe, and Malaga Wines.
A few cases Medoc Claret.
Jamaica, Windward Island, and Northern Rum.
Cognac, Bordeaux and Pech Brandy.
Holland and Country Gin.
Irish and Country Whiskey.
Six hogsheads Cherry Bounce.
Retailing Molasses, Havana Honey.
Wine and Cider Vinegar.
Best Florence Oil in bottles and blasks.
Loaf and Lump Sugars, Chocolate, Rice Pearl & Common Barley, Basket Salt, Starch Fig Blue, Indigo, Mace, Cloves, Cassia, Pimento, Race and Ground Ginger, Cayenne Pepper, Capers, Mustard, Raisins, Almonds Currants, Madder, Allum, Copperas, Roll Brimstone, Chalk, British and Brandywine Gunpowder, Spanish Segars, Cavendish and Small Twist Chewing Tobacco, Leiper's Garrett's, and Hamilton's Snuff, Writing and Wrapping Paper, Playing Cards, Bed Cords, Leading Lines, &c. &c.
October 18.

NOTICE.

AS the cherry season is approaching, and the subscriber has for many years past experienced depredations on his farm at the mouth of Hunting Creek, this is therefore to forewarn all persons from trespassing in any manner on said farm, as he is determined to take notice of those who do.

James C. West.

West Grove, June 12—13.

Entertainment.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has opened a House of Entertainment for travellers and others, at Colchester Ferry, opposite Woodbridge, where he will keep a constant supply of whatever may be necessary in his line for the accommodation of those who may favor them with their custom, on the most moderate terms.

W. Millan.

March 27.

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Robert Gray,

Bookseller and Stationer, King-street, Alexandria, has just received, for sale,

THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES:

The Columbiad, a poem, by Joel Barlow, in large quarto, with plates—the most elegant work ever printed in America. Six work, in two volumes, 12 mo. 1808. or the World Explained. Stubbins's Military Discipline. Hugh Trevor. Littleton's Letter-Writer in London. Dissected Sonnet of an Irish Harp. Marmion. Harriet's Stanzas. Whitfield's Sermons. Burns's Vindicta. Milton's Works. Sterne's Works. Young's Night Thoughts. Roman-Catholic Telemachus, in French. Ferguson's Astronomy. Hervey's Meditations. Duncan's Magic. Johnson's Pocket Dictionary. Domestic Cookery. Gulliver's Travels. Common Prayer Book, gilt and plain. Catholic Catechism. Nugent's French Pocket Dictionary. Lovers of La Vendee. No. 1. Week's Preparation for the Sacrament. Geographical Compilations. Murray's Grammar, large and small. Pleadler's Assistant. History of America. Don Quixote. With good assortment of Writing and Letter Paper, Bonnet Boards, &c. &c.

ALSO, the following musical articles.

A few Violins of a very superior quality. Common do. from 3 dollars price, up to 15 dollars. Violin Bows, Bridges and Scales. Best Roman Violin Strings, extra long Russian horse hair for Violin Bows. Clarinetted Rezin for do. Instructions for the Piano Violin, Flute, Fife and Clarinet. German Flutes, tipt and plain. One excellent Clarinet. One Hautboy. Clarinet & Hautboy reeds. Military Fifes of a superior quality. Common do.

ELEGANT EXTRACTS,

A selection of modern SONGS, sett to music for the Flute & Violin.

Madisons March, as played by the City Band on the 4th of March last, composed by P. Mauro, Washington City. Madison's March, as played at the New Theatre Philadelphia and Baltimore, composed by A Reinagle. Both Marches set for the Piano Forte.

Public Sale.

Pursuant to the last will and testament of Samuel Craig, deceased, will be sold, to the highest bidder, at public auction, on FRIDAY, the 23d day of June inst. at twelve o'clock, at the coffee-house, in Alexandria—

The Fee-simple of a Lot of Ground, near the poor house, in the county of Alexandria, and but a short distance from town, containing five acres and ten poles.

ALSO, One moiety of an undivided Tract of Land, in the county of Greenbush and state of Virginia, containing 310 acres.

ALSO, The whole right and title of the said Samuel Craig, in and to two Tracts of Land, situated on the west fork of Obey's river, in the county of Jackson and state of Tennessee—each tract containing 640 acres.

And on MONDAY, the 26th day of June inst. on the premises, in George Town,

A LOT OF GROUND, (being part of the lot distinguished in the plat of said town, by number 41) fronting on Fall's street 38 feet 4 inches, and in depth 107 feet, whereon is a frame dwelling and bake house.—A more particular description of the property and the terms of sale, which will be on a liberal credit, will be made known at the time and places aforesaid.

John G. Ladd,

Administrator, with the will annexed, of Samuel Craig, deceased.

June 1.

One Hundred Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY, from the subscribers, two Slaves, named BILLY and NELLY.—Billy is a mulatto man, and sometimes calls himself WILLIAM JORDAN AUGUSTUS—his color nearly as light and approaches that of a white man, his hair is straight and he generally wears it platted and turned up behind with a comb—his visage is remarkably thin and his cheek bones high—he has been brought up in the house and is a very good dining room servant, is about 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, very straight built, his constitution is not very strong and he is subject to indisposition—he is about 30 years of age.

NELLY is tall and rather inclined towards corpulency, a tawny color and about forty-five years of age.

They went off together as man and wife, but it is very probable Billy will attempt to pass as a white man and will endeavor to sell Nelly as his slave.

The above reward will be paid for the apprehension and securing of the said Slaves if taken up on the north side of the river Potomac, and information given thereof to their respective proprietors. A reasonable reward will be given if taken within the state of Virginia, and reasonable charges will be paid if brought home.

George Carter,

Oatlands, near Leesburg, Virginia.

A. Long.

County of Culpepper, Virginia.

April 19.

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